

Sports Achievement Motivation and Its Relation With Low and High Performers of Badminton Players

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.Abstract

In present study showed relationship of sports achievement Motivation was with low and high performer of badminton players. Eighty (80) female subjects (40 high performers and 40 low performers) were recruited from the North-Zone Interschool Badminton Championship held at Lovely Professional University, Jalandhar, Punjab. Samples age ranged from 18 to 24 yrs. Performance of the players were assessed and evaluated by 2 specialists on the court during the games on a 10 points scale ranging from one to ten. The sports achievement motivations of the samples were gauged through achievement motivation inventory made by Kamlesh (1990). The (t) test has been used to assess data. Outcomes showed that insignificant differences were found between Sports Achievement Motivation and high/low performance of Badminton Players.

Keywords: Achievement Motivation, Badminton, high/low performer.

INTRODUCTION

Sport is an activity in which people engaged him or herself for enjoyment. Every individual is said to be enthused for participating in activity out of interest and for the satisfaction. Task leaning goal of sports has conceptually related with motivation. Main aim of achievement behavior was to determine the competency of individual. The conception of capacity therefore inspires perceived achievement is eventual associated to goals. Its driving force compels individual athlete to achieve difficult and challenging tasks. There are many reasons and motives to perform well in games.

Motivation in game is derived from the personality. Studies are based on various athletic samples through humankind. It was not administrated athletes of low capability have high 'achievement motivation' aims as well. 'Achievement motivation' scores neither consistence through samples nor continuously extremely analytical of higher do athlete

performance. They work as psychological yard-stick for the calculation of total mechanism of human behavior.

Research have revealed, elite athletes are extremely motivated and extra motivated athletes are able to decrease their arousal level in critical moment, just previous to competition whereas less motivated fail to do so.

Aim of the Study

The study has been deigned to explore the difference of sports achievement motivation with high and low performance of badminton players.

MATERIAL AND METHODS**Subjects and Procedure**

The current investigations were accepted on the players participation in the north-zone badminton championship (women) held at Lovely Professional University, Jalandhar, Punjab in the month of November, 2019. Although thirty-seven Universities had participated, and only twenty teams confirmed their entries in the championship, consisting six players in each team. List of all teams and help of eligibility preformat submitted by the University managers have prepared and each player was reached with coach of the University teams to actively participate as subject for the study. A total of 80 female players served as subjects of the present study. The high and low performers were chosen as players' performance which were analyzed and rated by two experts on the court during the matches on the basis of 10 points likert type rating scale having score from one to ten points for each item, thus the score ranged between 10 to 100 points. The scores of each player evaluated by the two experts were averaged to find out the actual score of each player. The performance was dichotomized as high and low computing quartile deviation ($Q_1=40$, $Q_3=40$).

Tools

Achievement motivations of the samples were measured through the Inventory prepared by Kamlesh (1990), having twenty incomplete items which can be completed by selecting 2 suggested parts against each items were used.

Data Analysis

The obtained data was sequentially arranged, tabulated and subjected to its statistical treatment using ‘t’ test for findings the differences between sports achievement motivation and performance.

RESULTS

Table 1 shown ‘t’ value between high and low performer’s sports achievement motivation.

Subjects	N	Mean	SD	t-value	p
High Performer	40	29.75	5.006406153	1.18	> .023
Low Performer	40	28.55	3.999679474		

*Significant at 0.05 level with ‘t’ (78) = 1.18, p>.023

As can be seen from table-1, significant difference was not found between top performer and low performer in their sports achievement motivation.

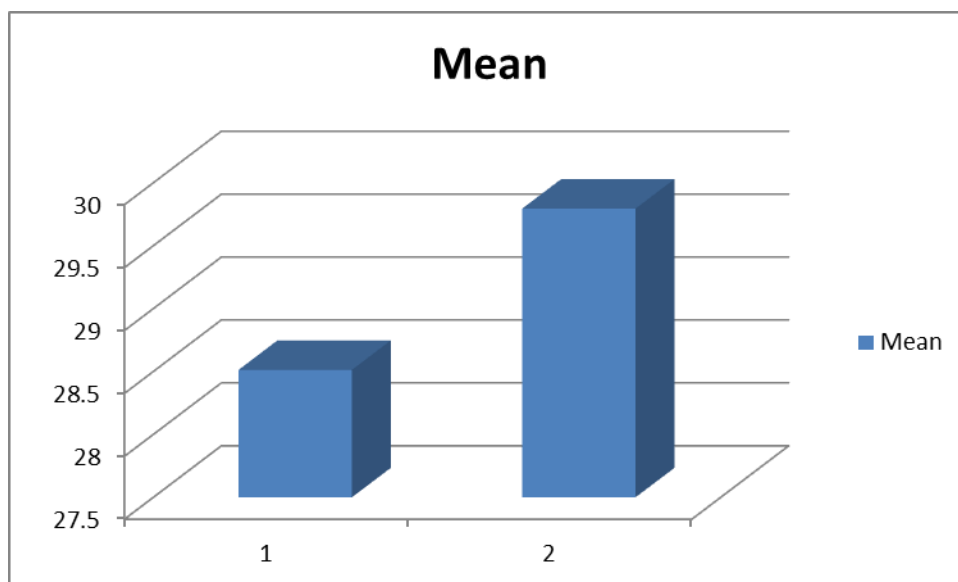


Table 2, shown differences, between mean scores of high and low performer’s sports achievement motivation.

DISCUSSION

The current study indicates with the study of Achievement Motivation of top performer and low performer. From the result of this study it was evident that insignificant differences were found between top performer and low performer in their sports achievement motivation.

CONCLUSION

The results of the present empirical investigation concluded that the performance of badminton players (high and low) has no significant difference with sports achievement motivation.

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