

Originality Definition Of Visual Diagnostic Methods Of Accentuating The Character Of A Person

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Annotation: In the XXI century, the human problem is becoming an object of General research of exact and humanitarian Sciences, and psychological science in the study of psychological experiences of a person uses modern research methods. In this sense, our work is devoted to determining the personality psychotype based on deep psychological research conducted by such areas of science as "Profiling" and "Visual psychodiagnostics".

Key words: visual diagnostic methods, visual psychodiagnostic, person, psychotype.

Introduction. The definition of a personality's psychotype consists of complex technologies, and its results, helping to clarify the reflection of the external world by each individual, play an important role in identifying his behavior in the future and selecting alternative ways to influence him. In modern psychology, the definition of the personality psychotype has always occupied an urgent place among the most important problems, numerous scientific and empirical studies have been conducted.

Despite this, under the influence of the multi-faceted information world, the psychotype of the socialized person changes relatively. And this encourages you to explore new unknown sides of the person. The modern personality is distinguished by its complexity and extreme individuality. On the one hand, this is due to its positive properties, i.e. maturity, on the other hand, negative results, rapid changes in life positions, and the plasticity of the world of beliefs cause certain problems in the management system. The causes and consequences of this are undoubtedly

directly related to the psychotype of the individual. Hence comes the extreme urgency of the problem that we are addressing-the assessment of personality based on visual diagnostics. The authors, relying on the achievements of General psychology and developing as independent branches of knowledge "Profiling" and "Psychodiagnostics" tried to reveal the problem.

According to the concept of profiling in the assessment of personality, the manifestation of a person in the profile (profile manifestation of a person) and his behavioral model are studied. In psychodiagnostics, special methods are used to determine the psychotype, and in most cases the person is not investigated, but is diagnosed. In our study, the psychotype of a person is also determined through a diagnosis, then studied in scientific and practical terms.

Profiling is a systematic collection of methods (components) for evaluating a person's psychological profile and its main properties. The method of profiling development on a practical basis excludes the introduction of various psychophysiological and cognitive techniques into the structure of work, work with the individual is carried out directly, the communicative component is considered the basis on which all further expert conclusions are based. Without having a direct connection with the Respondent, all information signs (facial expressions, gestures, emotions, speech, appearance, behavior features) are analyzed, along with each component expressing a dynamic or static model.

In our study, for the purpose of visual diagnostics of the personality psychotype, the profiling method was used. The method "Visual diagnostics of identity, based on the dominant", proposed by A. Pavlov, was applied.

The study involved 33 students of Ferghana state University and 18 students of a non-governmental training center – a total of 51 respondents.

In accordance with the instructions of the above-mentioned method of A. Pavlov, we used methods of objective observation, conversation, and interview in the study. In the course of the study, the respondents' behavior is organized on the

basis of observation and evaluation of such criteria as their appearance, clothing, facial expressions, pantomime, and speech.

In this method, the names of dominants are taken from the field of psychiatry and therefore use terms that characterize mental abnormalities of the individual. But dominants or accentuations are explained by the acute manifestation of a particular quality in the personality's character. Such qualities lead a person to apply the same behavior model in different situations. For example, using clothes of the same color and creating a way to use accessories is related to this.

The essence of the method is that based on external signs (visual diagnostics) it helps to identify the identity of the character of the individual, i.e. its dominant. Thus, without the use of tests, psychological and communicative features are identified, and the personality typology is determined by behavior, the manner of conversation and external signs.

The authors collected the manifestation of dominants based on important features of respondents' behavior. We determined the leading dominants based on calculations for each criterion. The overall indicator of the results obtained was processed according to the student's t-criterion on the dominant scales of the respondents.

Among the subjects most representatives of dominant hyperthymic (cheerful) – 21,6%, 2 – 3 - hysteroid and mixed dominant – by 17,6%, in fourth place - epileptic dominant (excitable) of 13.7%, the fifth – paronella dominant (dedication) – 9,8%, 6 – 7 places epileptic (stuck) and emotive dominant (sensitive) – by 5,9% and for 8 – 9 revealed the representatives of the rare dominant – schizoid and anxious (fearful) dominant – on 3,9%.

Before describing each type of dominant, let's focus on the mixed type. Representatives of this type have high indicators for two or more types of dominants. It is a difficult process to determine the characteristic type of dominant from the model of external behavior, since their pure dominants manifest

themselves in extreme circumstances. Due to the fact that these circumstances are not the purpose of our research, we will limit ourselves to stating them.

Among the respondents the most observed type of dominant was the hyperthymic type and the accentuation of their character was shown as follows:

Types with hyperthymic dominant are defined as very rich in energy, as people who love life in any of its manifestations, these people are optimists, they can find positive sides in any situation. They are happy with any innovations and never lose heart. Hypertime like extreme sports. They have a strong nervous system. Clothing: they prefer universal, comfortable, not restricting the movement of clothing.

Facial expressions: lively, mobile, energetic.

The pantomime: intense, fast. Hypertime is very mobile, often drops things, there are collisions with people (corners of furniture).

Speech: quickly included in the topic. They talk a lot, can get distracted from the topic, and suddenly come back to it again.

When it became necessary to diagnose the dominant personality and it was carried out based on the results of the study, it turned out that in this process, you need to take into account only the strengths of the personality character. In the life of an individual, in most cases, there are several dominants, but their manifestations may be unclear, since the person has to perform several behaviors.

Based on this method, conducting diagnostics of a certain psychotype, should pay attention to what behavior model corresponds to a specific situation. To do this, the research psychologist must keep in mind that appearance is always deceptive. Therefore, the assessment of behavior in relation to the situation gives a positive result in most cases.

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